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Specialized Oral Nutritional Supplementation for Dialysis Patients Improves the Energy and Protein Intake

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INTRODUCTION

Malnutrition is a common disorder and an important predictor of morbidity and mortality in dialysis patients.

The intake of specialised oral nutritional supplement (SONS) during haemodialysis therapy is effective in counteracting its catabolic effect.

AIM

This study aimed to evaluate the effects of SONS on the intake of older patients on haemodialysis.

This is an interventional longitudinal study.

Patients aged ≥ 60 years undergoing

The research was approved by the Research

Ethics Committee of the University of Passo

haemodialysis for at least three months were

For 12 weeks, participants received the SONS

3x/week during haemodialysis sessions

RESULTS

The study included 46 patients were included, 72% were men, and the mean age was 68.7 ± 7.7 years.

	Baseline	After 3 months	p-value
Energy			
Kcal / day	1,550 ± 488	1,728 ± 490	0.001
Kcal / Kg	21.5 ± 6.1	24.5 ± 8.0	0.001
Adequacy (%)	65	74	
Protein			
g / day	66 ± 28	84 ± 26	< 0.05
g / Kg	0.9 ± 0.4	1.2 ± 0.5	< 0.05
Adequacy (%)	77	99	

As for SONS, 42 patients (91%) reported that they liked it and that its palatability was good. At the end, 11 patients voluntarily expressed the desire to continue receiving SONS.

Fundo, Brazil.

selected.

METHOD



HDmax provided 300 kcal, 13.4 g of protein, and controlled potassium and phosphorus levels (Prodiet Medical Nutrition).

Dietary intake was assessed by the usual 24-hour Food Recall (R24h), and the Avanutri® nutritional assessment software was used to measure calorie and protein intake.

Results are expressed as mean and standard deviation. The Student's t-test was used for paired samples, at a significance level of p < 0.05.

CONCLUSIONS

Intradialytic SONS was well accepted and increased calorie and protein intake in older patients on haemodialysis.

REFERENCES

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